



FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 18 1902.

It is said the cruel war clouds which have hung so long over South Africa are about to break and the dove of peace is to return to that far-off region. This is a consummation devoutly desired. The Boers, it is said, have agreed upon peace terms with the British government and Lord Milner has been empowered to grant one or two seats in executive council. The negotiations are said to have been conducted by the Boers independently of their representatives in Holland. All lovers of freedom throughout the world sympathize with the Boers in the unhappy termination of their struggles for autonomy against a powerful and greedy nation. They have fought a good fight, and if victory has not always been theirs, they have, like other nations in by-gone days, been compelled to submit to terms repugnant to their self-respect, to say nothing of their love of liberty, in order to extricate themselves from the claws of the merciless lion. During the unequal struggle the Boers have proven themselves the peers of any soldiers who have entered the field, and they have nothing to be ashamed of. The English nation has been compelled to put forth all its exertions in order to subdue the South African republics. They have taxed nearly everything in the kingdom, including breadstuffs, to raise money to equip its armies. In the days of Pitt everything was taxed, and a cartoonist of that day pictured a cook opening a salt box from which the Premier had just jumped. The woman is represented as saying, "Why, here's that fellow in the salt box!" It has almost reached the same stage again and the English people are loud in their complaints of existing burdens.

There is trouble in the political managerie composing the fusion party of New York, and the house being divided against itself sees its finish at the next election. The preachers have long been dissatisfied with the present city government and, as has ever been the case where parties amalgamate, the iron and clay will not adhere and disintegration is inevitable. The great city of New York is now no better morally than it was under Tammany rule. Past experience and observation made this apparent to most people before Mayor Low assumed the reins. The district attorney is not satisfied with the position taken by the mayor and his chief of police on the excise question. The corporation counsel, it is reported, has proved himself officially a discouragement by his method of handling his office, the distribution of patronage and the haughty manner of his reception of the people. Other causes of friction are being reported. The police problem proves a constant source of worry, and there are many manifestations of serious family jars. New York is now next in point of population to London, the largest city in the world, or probably ever was on the earth, and to attempt to govern such an aggregation of people on methods devised by visionaries is of course impossible, and people who ride hobbles during the prevalence of reform epidemics realize, as well as others, the futility of fulfilling their promises.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT may be a very strenuous, determined and impulsive man but he is compelled at times to go slow in respect to some of his pet schemes. Beyond doubt he had fully made up his mind to retire Gen. Miles, but yesterday he yielded to senatorial persuasion when a strong delegation called at the White House and made it clear to the President that he must abandon his purpose of further humiliating and disciplining the commanding general of the army by ending his active career. The general has many influential admirers in the Senate and the charges that formed the basis of the antagonism to him, it was shown, have been justified by events that have since happened. The President undoubtedly would like to have a free hand to run things to suit himself but the "by and with the consent of the Senate" often checks him.

THERE is a marked falling off in the number of charters issued in this city and throughout Virginia. The reason is obvious. Under the proposed new constitution the business of all corporations will be virtually put under control of the board of corporation commissioners, and as capital is timid and no one wants his business managed by outsiders, much money which under ordinary circumstances would have been invested in this State will be diverted in other directions and Virginia will be the loser thereby. Delaware just now seems to be the State where many new companies and corporations are being organized.

THE EXPENDITURE of enormous sums of money by reason of the war with Spain is causing some uneasiness, even in Congress, and yesterday Mr. Lord said Cuba has already cost \$2,200,000,000, and Mr. Cul-

lerson's resolutions asking information about money spent on the Philippines were agreed to. The cost of the war will be a burden during the remainder of his life upon every man now living in this country, and it would have been much cheaper for the United States to have purchased outright from Spain Cuba and the Philippines.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.] Washington, D. C., April 18. The House committee on the judiciary today authorized a favorable report on the Ray bill to amend the existing bankruptcy laws. Only two votes were cast against this motion—those of Mr. DeArmond and Mr. Clayton.

The House committee on public buildings and grounds today finished consideration of the various public building bills, which have been consolidated into an omnibus bill, which will be reported to the House next Monday. The bill, in the aggregate, carries about \$17,000,000. The present programme looks to consideration of the measure by the House next week.

General Miles is now "on probation." President Roosevelt has modified his decision relative to the return of the Chief of War from Cuba, provided that in the meantime General Miles shall refrain from doing or saying anything that could be construed as inimical to the administration. It is believed that several Senators assured the President that the General would cease his attacks under these circumstances. The Senators endeavored to persuade the President to abandon his purpose of retiring the commanding general, but in this it is believed that they were unsuccessful.

At 1:30 this afternoon certain ways and means leaders of the House admitted defeat. They acknowledged that in all probability the best sugar men will marshal sufficient forces to adopt an amendment to the Cuban reciprocity bill, wiping out the differential on refined sugar. There were a number of conferences of the best sugar men today and on the question of abolishing the differential even to the limit of overruling the decision of the chair, that such an amendment is not germane to the bill, they claim at least 30 votes—6 from California, 6 from Minnesota, 13 from New York, 3 from Pennsylvania, 2 from Washington, 1 from Maine, and 2 from Ohio. They received assurances through Representative Swanson of Virginia that the democrats will stand by them to a man. The bill in its amended shape will be passed by the House. The only hope of the ways and means men is that it will be restored to its original shape in the Senate. Mr. Watson, of the ways and means republicans, said at 2:15 p. m.: "Our only hope now is that the democrats will be unanimous. If they are, we are whipped and the differential will be abolished. I think there are about thirty best sugar republicans who will vote that way."

The Secretary of War transmitted to Congress today a letter from Governor General Wood, of Cuba, in which he refutes the statements made that the sugar trust will be the only beneficiary by the passage of the Cuban reciprocity measure.

American exports have fallen off \$50,000,000 in the last nine months while during the same length of time imports from foreign markets have increased \$79,000,000.

It is expected that the proposition of the democratic members of the Senate committee on the Philippines to bring Aguinaldo and several other leading Filipinos here to testify will be voted down by the committee.

Next Wednesday the Senate committee on foreign relations will decide upon its policy with reference to all of the pending reciprocity treaties. No indication is given as to what the decision of the committee will be.

President Roosevelt leaves for New York tomorrow to attend the exercises at Columbia College connected with the installation of President Nicholas Murray Butler who succeeds Seth Low in the chair.

The Interstate commission today announced that during the three months ending September 30, 1901, there were 240 killed and 2622 injured in collisions, derailments and miscellaneous train accidents in the United States.

Other kinds of accidents including those sustained by employees while at work and by passengers in getting on and off cars, etc., increase the total number to 726 killed and 10,457 injured. The number of passengers killed in collisions and derailment during the quarter was 57, which is very large and equal to more than half the total shown for 12 months in the commission's annual report for 1900.

made a personal appeal to Mr. Clark to allow no note of discord to creep into the proceedings of the committee adjourned.

The Cabinet today discussed at length certain features of the proposed canal system connected with the New York customs service and the immigration service, and also certain subjects connected with second class mail matter. The future postal relations of the United States with Cuba were touched upon. The President heartily approved of the understanding reached with the new president to continue the two-cent rate of postage between the two countries, and also in relation to the money order service.

Mr. Gray has introduced in the House a bill granting an increase of pension to Charles H. Baugh.

A petition, largely signed by ex-Confederate soldiers and citizens of Loudoun county, has been received by Mr. Rixey, asking him to press the purchase by the United States of the Ball's Bluff battle-ground, and to provide public access to the spot at which the cemetery is located.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

John Redmond, the Irish nationalist leader, declared in the House of Commons yesterday that an infamous conspiracy was on foot in England to foment crime in Ireland where none existed.

Mrs. B. M. Ashby, mother of the late United States Senator John E. Kenna and State Senator Walter L. Ashby, died yesterday at Charleston, W. Va., aged seventy-five, of general failure of vital powers.

C. W. McDonald, aged 30 years, an insurance agent of Kirk, Pa., was struck and instantly killed, by a Northern Central passenger train on the Pennsylvania coast at that city yesterday. Mr. McDonald was a son of the late Captain Wm. N. McDonald, of Clarke county.

The London Butchers' Association has petitioned parliament to remove restrictions on importation of cattle from Canada and Argentina, fearing that, in view of the reduction in the American meat supply, there may be a meat famine during the coronation.

The English public demands of the government the full facts concerning the crimes committed by officers of the Bushveldt Carabiers in South Africa, stories having been circulated that, in addition to Boer prisoners, a German missionary and natives were also shot.

The members of the House, who have been chiefly interested in advancing the Chinese exclusion bill, after informal conferences yesterday, decided to accept the Senate substitute adopted Wednesday continuing in force the present laws and applying them to the insular possessions.

There is a determined effort on the part of the democratic members of the Senate committee on the Philippines to have Aguinaldo summoned to Washington to testify before the committee. A desirable witness was yesterday submitted to the committee by Senator Rawles, the ranking democratic member, and the question of directing his presence was discussed for some time without action. The probability is that the republicans will unite in deciding that he ought not to be summoned.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

The game of baseball at Lynchburg between Washington and Lee University and the University of Virginia yesterday resulted in victory for the latter by the score of 10 to 5.

A romantic elopement of a Winchester couple took place Wednesday afternoon, when Miss Ernestine Forney, a school girl, went to Hagerstown, Md., and was married to Mr. Charles B. Cross, Miss Forney is barely seventeen years of age.

H. Claiborne Epps, who is shown by a recount of the votes cast in the recent primary at Richmond, to have been defeated for city sergeant by James C. Smith, the incumbent, by eighteen votes, will contest the nomination of the latter.

The soft crab has made its appearance in the waters of the Rappahannock river, the first having been caught Monday near Merry Point, in the Corroborum river, a tributary of the Rappahannock. In a few weeks numbers of boxes will be leaving the Rappahannock for markets.

A double wedding took place at Harvey Mills, Warren county, on Tuesday afternoon. The contracting parties were Miss Bruce Thompson and Mr. Brook Weaver, and Miss Gussie Thompson and Mr. C. S. Hotchkiss, the three former being of Warren county and the latter of Piedmont, W. Va.

Col. W. E. Peters, who has filled the Chair of Latin at the University of Virginia for a period of 37 years, will retire from that position at the end of the coming session. His old pupils, who are scattered all over the United States, will make his retirement the occasion of a happy gathering, at which he will be presented with some fitting memorial of their love and esteem.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS.

The democrats of the House caucus, held last night, by a very large majority, estimated at 3 to 1, adopted the following resolution introduced by Mr. Swanson, of Virginia:

Resolved, That we favor the removal of the differential on refined sugar both from Cuba and elsewhere, and believe that such amendments are properly in order, and we insist that it is the duty of all democrats to vote whenever opportunity is given to have these amendments added to the pending bill providing for Cuban reciprocity. We are opposed to the adoption of the previous question when the bill is reported to the House, unless it shall have been properly amended in committee of the whole, as this will prevent an opportunity for just and proper amendment with recorded votes on the same.

FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS.

Washington, D. C., April 18. SENATE.

At the conclusion of routine business in the Senate this morning the calendar was taken up.

Consideration of a bill to provide for a union railroad station in the District of Columbia was begun.

The Philippine civil government bill was laid before the Senate at the end of the morning business, and the reading began, committee amendments first being considered.

HOUSE.

There were not more than two score members in their seats when the House met at 11 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Richardson, the democratic floor leader, took the floor in advocacy of the Cuban reciprocity bill. If he had had the framing of the bill, he said, the measure now before the House would never have been reported. The immense tariff wall that surrounds this country, he declared, must be torn down and the bill before the House is a starter in the right direction. The demolishing of this wall will be beneficial to the country. He favored the bill for these reasons:

First—It decreased the high Dingley tariff rates twenty per cent; second—the reduction of the tariff will benefit the consumer by cheapening the price of sugar, and third—it reduces the tariff on the most highly protected commodity in the country.

Mr. Brownwell asked Mr. Richardson if it were true that the republican leaders had entered into an agreement with the democrats under the terms of which the democrats would vote with the republican leaders for which the republican leaders were to see that the Crumpacker resolution, calling for an investigation of southern elections, should be killed, when it comes up before the House.

"I know nothing of such an agreement. Never heard of it," replied Mr. Richardson.

Mr. Fordney, one of the best sugar "insurgents" republicans, followed Mr. Richardson. He denounced the bill, saying it was not needed and was in direct violation of the republican principle of protection.

Mr. Hepburn said that he was opposed to the bill and that the republicans could not afford to pass the measure. He did not know who was the author of the bill, but he would say a "Yankee" had drawn it up as there were so many mean things in it.

Mr. Tawney, leader of the republican insurgents, arose at the conclusion of Mr. Hepburn's remarks to bring to a close the arguments against the passage of the bill. "Simply just because we dare," he said, referring to the insurgents, "to stand by what we think is right and our duty to the republican party, we have been insulted and derided upon this floor. Are we demagogues? He asked the republicans if they would support the bill. "No, but three-fourths of the democrats in the House are standing with the republican leaders."

Mr. Dalzell closed the general debate in favor of the bill. The bill, he said, was not, as had been stated, an attack upon protection. He did not believe it would injure any American industry. If he thought it would, he would not advocate it. He said he "would regard any provision of the tariff at this time as the height of legislative madness."

Mr. Dalzell closed shortly before 3 o'clock.

The reading of the bill then began. The first vote was on the committee amendments, requiring Cuba to adopt the American contract labor laws, which was adopted.

Mr. Morris then offered the amendment abolishing the differential on refined sugar. He argued that the bill under consideration dealt only with reciprocal relations with Cuba.

At 4:30 discussion on Mr. Payne's point of order was in progress.

GEN. MILES.—An appeal in behalf of Gen. Miles was made to the President yesterday by several Senators including Senators McCoomas, Hale, Hoar, and Allison. Senator Foraker, who happened to be at the White House while Gen. Miles was under discussion, was drawn into the conference. It was pointed out to the President that Gen. Miles will be retired by law in fifteen months and that it would be best to allow him to remain in his position until that time. The President listened attentively to all that was said in Miles' behalf, and promised to postpone action for some time at least.

The determination of the President to retire Gen. Miles was made certain by the discovery that that officer had been in correspondence with Gen. Francis V. Greene for the purpose of securing information of advantage to the democratic Senators concerning the Philippine situation. It was also asserted that some of the questions asked by the democratic members of the Senate committee on the Philippines were either inspired by Gen. Miles or were based on data furnished by him.

FAIRFAX NOTES.—The County Court will meet next Saturday at "Cameron," the home of Mr. James Roberts and the Misses Roberts, near Alexandria.

The ladies of the Mount Vernon Association meet this year on Wednesday, May 7th, and will pay their annual visit to Potomac Church on the second Sunday.

The election of vestry for Potomac Church on Easter Monday was as follows: Dr. N. B. Nevitt, Mr. W. R. Ward, Mr. Thos. F. Chapman, Mr. J. H. Claggett, Mr. John Landstreet, Mr. H. H. Dodge, Mr. Joseph Specht, Mr. Wm. N. Nevitt and Mr. Luther G. Reid. Mr. Chapman and Mr. Ward were elected wardens, Dr. Nevitt, treasurer, and Mr. John Landstreet secretary for the coming year.—[Herald.]

Good for Rheumatism.

Last fall I was taken with a very severe attack of muscular rheumatism which caused me great pain and annoyance. After trying several prescriptions and rheumatic cures, I decided to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I had seen advertised in the South Jersey man.

I was much better, and after using one bottle, was completely cured. Sallie Harris, Salem, N. J. For sale by Richard Gibson, Druggist.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Foreign News.

Amsterdam, April 18.—Queen Wilhelmina passed a fairly quiet night. An official bulletin diagnoses the Queen's complaint as febrile typhoid. Dowager Queen Emma will be appointed regent during her daughter's illness. President Roosevelt has sent a special inquiry regarding Wilhelmina's health.

Madrid, April 18.—The court fees in connection with the coronation of King Alfonso will not be suppressed because of the death and funeral of ex-King Don Francisco d'Assisi, but the court will suppress the balls planned for the coronation.

Madrid, April 18.—The Government to prevent discontent because of the high price of meat, will temporarily suppress the import duties on cattle and meat.

Rome, April 18.—Officials of the Vatican assert that Governor Taffi, on the occasion of his visit to Rome, will inform the Pope that the election of Archbishop Ireland to a cardinalship would gratify the American people and that such action would especially please President Roosevelt.

Vienna, April 18.—M. Skopin, a high Russian officer, has been murdered by a Warsaw student on a train between Minsk and Kainschina. The assassin was arrested at Zylow.

Lemberg, April 18.—As a result of a revolutionary propaganda mutinies have occurred among the troops garrisoned at Moscow, Kiev, Kharkov, Smolensk, and Kiebsk.

Brussels, April 18.—The council of the strikers today voted for a continuance of the strike to the bitter end. All the unions had previously pledged to abide by whatever decision was arrived at this afternoon's session.

Buda-Pesth, April 18.—Riotous scenes occurred in the Hungarian House of Deputies today during a debate on the proposed state grant to Maurus Jokai, the aged Hungarian novelist. Reporters interfered with the debate, yelling insult at the opponents of the grant. One of the deputies came blows with a reporter, and a vigorous fist fight which lasted some time ensued. The sitting was suspended. The grant was ultimately granted.

London, April 18.—The Marquis of Downshire has been granted a divorce from his wife on the ground of misconduct. The co-respondent named was Captain Laycock, a well known millionaire businessman and yachting enthusiast. Laycock was best man at the wedding of the Duke of Westminster on March 16th, 1901.

London, April 18.—Earl Russell, who last fall served a term of imprisonment in Holloway jail for bigamy, today introduced a bill in the House of Lords, relating to changes in the divorce laws. Earl Russell married Mrs. Sommerville, in Nevada, about two years ago, believing that a divorce granted him in Nevada from his first wife was legal. When the Nevada divorce was annulled, he was charged with bigamy and sentenced to serve three months in Holloway jail. After his release, he married Mrs. Sommerville.

Brussels, April 18.—A revision of the Constitution to provide for universal suffrage was negative in the Chamber of Deputies this afternoon. When the resolution was announced the socialist deputies arose and shouted: "Hurrah for the strike."

Negotiations Postponed.

London, April 18.—Peace negotiations with the Boers have been postponed for three weeks. The announcement was made in the House of Commons by the Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, Government leader. Mr. Balfour said that Lord Milner and Lord Kitchener had two conferences with the Boer delegates at their request. Lord Kitchener, while refusing an armistice, on military ground, agreed to give facilities for the election and meeting of the representatives of the various commandos to consider the position. The Boer leaders have left Pretoria for this purpose. Mr. Balfour said, and it is not expected that negotiations will be resumed in less than three weeks.

Guilty of Murder.

Hudson, N. Y., April 18.—The three Van Wormers have been found guilty of murder in the first degree for the shooting of Peter Hallenbeck, and have been sentenced by Justice Cramer to be electrocuted at Clinton prison, Danbury, during the week beginning May 30th. The prisoners received their sentences coolly, answering the questions put to them in a loud clear voice. As they were taken out of the court room, Fred remarked to Chief of Police Lane: "Prety tough luck, isn't it?"

[COMMUNICATED.]

THE BOND ISSUE.

I ask leave to say a word through the columns of your valuable paper relative to the proposed bond issue which is to be submitted to the voters of Alexandria on May 22d. Those of us who are opposed to the issue of bonds for the purpose of improving our streets and sewerage system, are not necessarily opposed to these improvements as some seem to think. On the contrary I believe that the opponents of this bond issue are just as much in favor of improving our city as those who favor it. The difference between those who favor and those who oppose the issuance of bonds for improvements is this—The first class are determined to have these improvements, no matter what the cost may be to the present and future generations, while the second class are not in favor of creating a debt for future generations to pay. We who are opposed to this bond issue do not believe that one generation has a right to create a debt for a future generation to pay. We believe it is wrong for those who are living now to pile up a debt for those yet to be born to pay. We have no right to enter into a contract to be fulfilled by those not now in existence. And yet this is exactly what we do when we issue these bonds. They are to run about thirty years, or, in other words, in order that we who live today may have good streets we are going to fasten a debt upon those who will be living thirty years from now. I have too much faith in my fellow men to believe that they will approve this unjust measure. I firmly believe that no matter how badly they may want these improvements, they will reject this bond proposition.

HOWARD T. COLVIN, Alexandria, April 18.

The county commissioners at Cumberland, Md., today called a special session and offered a heavy reward for the apprehension of the fiend who enticed Twin, the 6-year-old daughter of C. C. Willison, city editor of the Times, from her home. The child was mistreated so abominably that her life is endangered. The affair happened in the daylight on a business street. Great excitement prevails. If the fiend is captured he may be lynched.

LANSBURGH & BRO.,

Washington's Favorite Store.

Business Hours 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Saturdays 9 o'clock.

White Wash Goods.

37-40 Paris Muslin—a beautiful material for this season. Per yard..... 25c
36-inch White Flannel for infants' wear, all pure wool. Per yard..... 29c
5-piece lot of 8-4 White French Organdy. Our 60c kind. Per yard..... 35c

Toilet Articles Reduced For One Day.

Woodworth's Extracts. Regularly 25c, for one day..... 9c
Lynx's Tooth Powder, 20c kind, Can..... 15c
Violet Talcum Powder, 5c kind, 3 cans for 10c
Chamois Skins, 10c size..... 5c
Strong Household Ammonia, 8c kind, bottle..... 4c
Scented Soap, 25c kind, box..... 15c
Smelling Salts, 19c kind, bottle..... 10c
Bath Tablets, 29c kind, bottle..... 21c
Hot Water Bottles, 69c size..... 59c

Daily Deliveries to Alexandria

420 to 426 Seventh street.

Lansburgh & Bro.,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

Herr Storr, a wealthy Bohemian of Vienna, had his thirty-seventh child baptized today.

The National White Lead Company's building in Brooklyn caught fire this morning resulting in a loss of \$150,000.

Mrs. Amelia Haberdunich was burned to death this morning in a fire that destroyed two three-story frame houses in Jersey City, N. J.

Ida Hennessey, fifteen years old, of Oswego, N. Y., went to sleep Saturday night and has not yet awoken. J. T. Dwyer, the family physician, says that it is a case of catalepsy. It has been impossible to rouse the sleeper even with electricity.

Six men were hurt and almost half a hundred others thrown about the cars, and all narrowly escaped a terrible death in a wreck on the Potomac, Virginia & Chesapeake Railroad at Desto, number 2 mine, near Chancelor, Pa., this morning. The truck under the tender broke and ran about a quarter of a mile before it could be stopped. The baggage car crashed against the disabled tender and all left the track except the last car.

About three thousand men are now on strike at the General Electric Works at Schenectady, N. Y., and tomorrow night may see the big plant badly crippled. The trouble arose over the readjustment of piece work prices which affected only five men in the small buffing department. Others struck out of sympathy.

The anti-trust law of Missouri is held to be unconstitutional by Judge John P. Butler, referee and special commissioner, appointed by the Supreme Court of Missouri to investigate the affairs of the Continental Tobacco Company and others. He asks the Supreme Court to confirm his report.

Creased by his inability to pay the next installment on his home, Adolf Flehn murdered—officially assassinated his wife Augusta this morning with a penknife and then committed suicide by cutting his throat. Mrs. Flehn may recover.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

New York, April 18.—The stock market opened with no less activity than during the two previous days. Prices were almost everywhere strong. The tone of the market became irregular but the average was well maintained.

WHOLESALE PRICES IN ALEXANDRIA

Flour Extra.....	2 75	3 10
Family.....	2 50	4 00
Wheat, longberry.....	0 85	0 85
Mixed.....	0 82	0 88
Fruit.....	0 83	0 83
Smoked Beef.....	0 70	0 70
Damp and tough.....	0 68	0 69
Corn, white.....	0 65	0 67
Yellow.....	0 66	0 67
Corn Meal.....	0 68	0 70
Best sugar-cured ham.....	0 58	0 60
Corn mixed.....	0 48	0 52
White.....	0 55	0 57
Slain Print Butter.....	0 31	0 32
Butter, Virginia, packed.....	0 25	0 35
Choice Virginia.....	0 20	0 30
Smoked Beef.....	0 16	0 18
Eggs.....	0 14	0 15
Live Chickens (hens).....	0 10	0 12
Spring do.....	0 5	0 30
Apples.....	3 50	4 00
Potatoes, Va.....	2 50	3 00
Sweet Potatoes, bbls.....	1 25	1 50
Onions, per bushel.....	0 12	0 13
Dried Cherries.....	0 12	0 13
Dried Apples.....	0 3	0 5
Best sugar-cured ham.....	0 12	0 13
Butcher's hams.....	0 12	0 13
Breakfast Bacon.....	0 12	0 12
Sugar-cured shoulders.....	0 9	0 9
Bulk shoulders.....	0 8	0 8
Dry Salted.....	0 10	0 10
New Orleans.....	0 10	0 10
Bellies.....	0 10	0 10
Smoked shoulders.....	0 9	0 9
Smoked sides.....	0 10	0 10
Veal Calves.....	0 11	0 11
Lard.....	0 14	0 14
Sugar-Brown.....	3 91	4 00
Off A.....	0 4	0 4
Con. standard A.....	4 60	5 00
Granulated.....	5 50	5 00
Coffee—B.....	0 8	0 12
LaGuayra.....	0 14	0 16
Java.....	0 16	0 26
Molasses B. S.....	0 9	0 14
O. H.....	0 17	0 22
New Orleans.....	0 20	0 25
Sugar Syrup.....	0 16	0 24
Salt—G. A.....	0 55	0 60
Fine.....	0 75	1 15
Turk's Island.....	1 00	1 00
Wool—long, unwashed.....	0 18	0 19
Washed.....	0 24	0 26
Morino, unwashed.....	0 16	0 17
Do, washed.....	0 20	0 22
Dried Peaches, peeled.....	0 5	0 6
Portio Raisins.....	3 50	3 75
Harris, Eastern per bbl.....	4 25	5 00
Potomac No. 1.....	2 75	3 00
Potomac family rose.....	4 00	4 50
Do, half barrel.....	3 00	3 25
Pot		